# KAZA TFCA and the Green Climate Fund



## Agenda

- Introduction and background
- Objectives
- Proposed GCF programme

- Methodology
- Next steps
- Management

## Background to KAZA TFCA

- The Kavango Zambezi Transfrontier Conservation Areas (KAZA TFCA) is one of the biodiverse transfrontier conservation areas in the world
- Rural population of the region relies heavily on natural resources and subsistence activities for their livelihoods
- The region faces basic infrastructure challenges.
- As human populations in the areas grow there are increasing challenges with sustaining and improving livelihoods.



#### Impacts of climate change



- The region already experiences considerable climate variability, which is expected to be exacerbated by the impacts of climate change
- It is expected there will be more variability in rainfall and worsening floods and droughts
- Temperatures are expected to drive increased aridity impacting rain-fed agriculture leading to food insecurity
- These pressures will increase the vulnerability of the communities and key economic sectors that rely on regions ecosystem services

# Current progress in developing climate resilience

- Regional response to CC is necessary to build resilience for vulnerable communities across the TFCA.
- GCF offers opportunity to consider a comprehensive regional strategy or policy to cope with CC impacts
- Member countries are at varying levels of preparedness in terms of developing policies and strategies to build resilience
- Member countries are at varying levels of preparedness to engage GCF (Zim, Namibia NDAs)



#### The GCF opportunity



#### **GCF** Mandate

The Fund aims to mobilize unprecedented levels of funding to invest in low-emission and climateresilient development on our home planet.

- KAZA Secretariat to develop a proposal to seek climate finance
- GCF is potential source of financing
- Develop a PPF application for GCF

#### Objective

The overall objective: Improve the climate resilience of people and ecosystems in the KAZA TFCA

- Specific objectives:
  - Improve the institutional, planning and policy making capacity of water management institutions to assist them to develop and manage water resources to adapt to climate change;
  - Delivery of appropriate climate resilient infrastructure to assist communities and key economic sectors in the area to adapt to climate change;
  - Develop sustainable and viable markets that improve economic well-being and resilience for local communities

Reduced conflict potential, improved health outcomes

#### Proposed programme

- Following a review of existing research, three workstreams proposed:
  - 1. Capacity building in planning and policy making
  - 2. Design and delivery of climate resilient infrastructure
  - 3. Creation of climate resilient markets

Livelihoods pillar of the MIDP

CRIDF+

Further work will be required to define the full programme scope

## Methodology

- Given the early stage in the programme development process, it is proposed that the work is carried out a sbelow:
- 1. A project scoping and preparation phase through an application to the GCF Project Preparation Facility (PPF);
- 2. A piloting phase involving a full GCF proposal for a micro project (up to USD 10 million); and
- A scaling up phase involving an additional full GCF proposal for a medium project (above USD 50 million and up to USD 250 million) OR

CRID

4. Combining 2 and 3 into a single, phased full proposal

#### Methodology



#### Next steps

- A. Discussions with member states for:
- 1. Approval to move ahead with PPF
- 2. Explore accredited entity options
- 3. Partner with CRIDF

B. Better define the concept, work packages and the programme of activities:

- Step 1: Data collection and workshops
- Step 2: Stakeholder engagement and in country consultations

- Step 3: Primary research and drafting of concept
- Assistance from CRIDF available

#### Working Together **Technical** expertise: Lead proposal development analysis, concept GCF engagements CRIDF note development ACCREDITED **ENTITY KAZA** Strategic direction CRIDF+ stakeholder engagement

#### Accredited Entity

• GCF accredited entity (AE): work with Secretariat to develop proposal. For PPF must be national or regional, not global

#### **Options for PPF:**

- 1. ACUMEN (regional, private sector focus)
- 2. Namibia EIF (national)
- 3. Development Bank of Southern Africa (new, regional)

For full proposal, can be same as PPF or be global AE e.g. UNDP UNEP KfW AfDB



# Q&A